

Introduction of RIC-Beijing

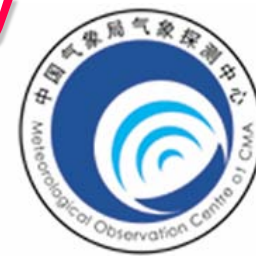
BIAN ZE QIANG

Senior Engineer

National Center for Meteorological Metrology

Meteorological Observation Cent

China Meteorological Administration



Outline

1. China Meteorology Administration (CMA)

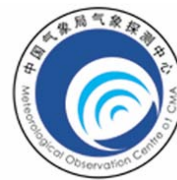
- Organization
- Responsibilities

2. Meteorological Observation Center (MOC)

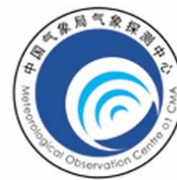
- Functional Structure
- Responsibilities

3. Meteorological Metrology Station (RIC-Beijing)

- Introduction
- Instrument and Traceability
- Future plan

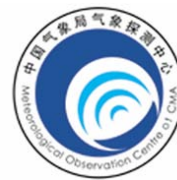


1. China Meteorology Administration (CMA)

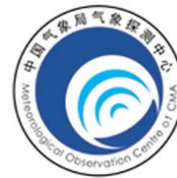
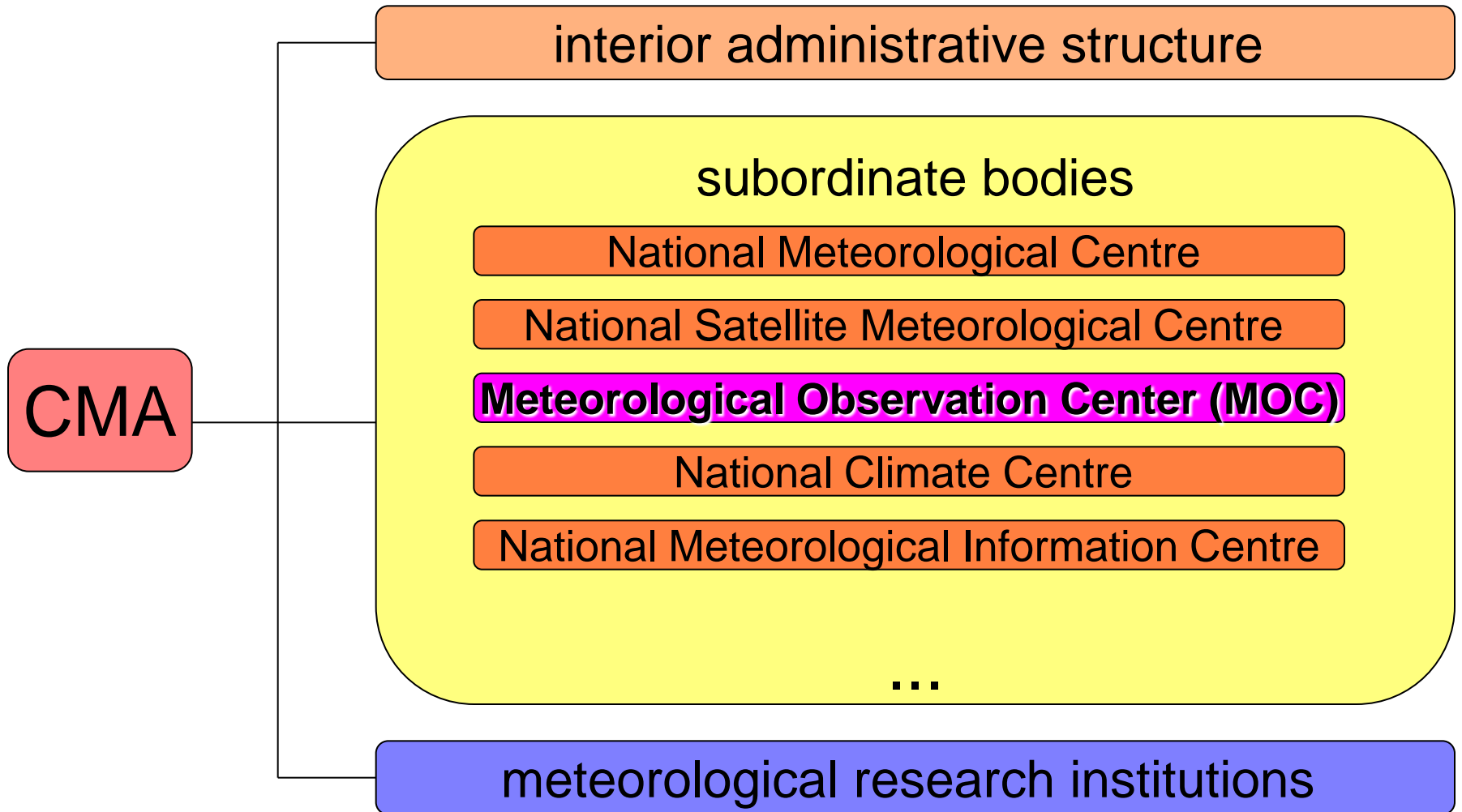


气象探测中心
Meteorological Observation Center

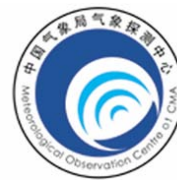
- China Meteorological Administration (CMA) is directly affiliated to the State Council of the People's Republic of China.



Organization

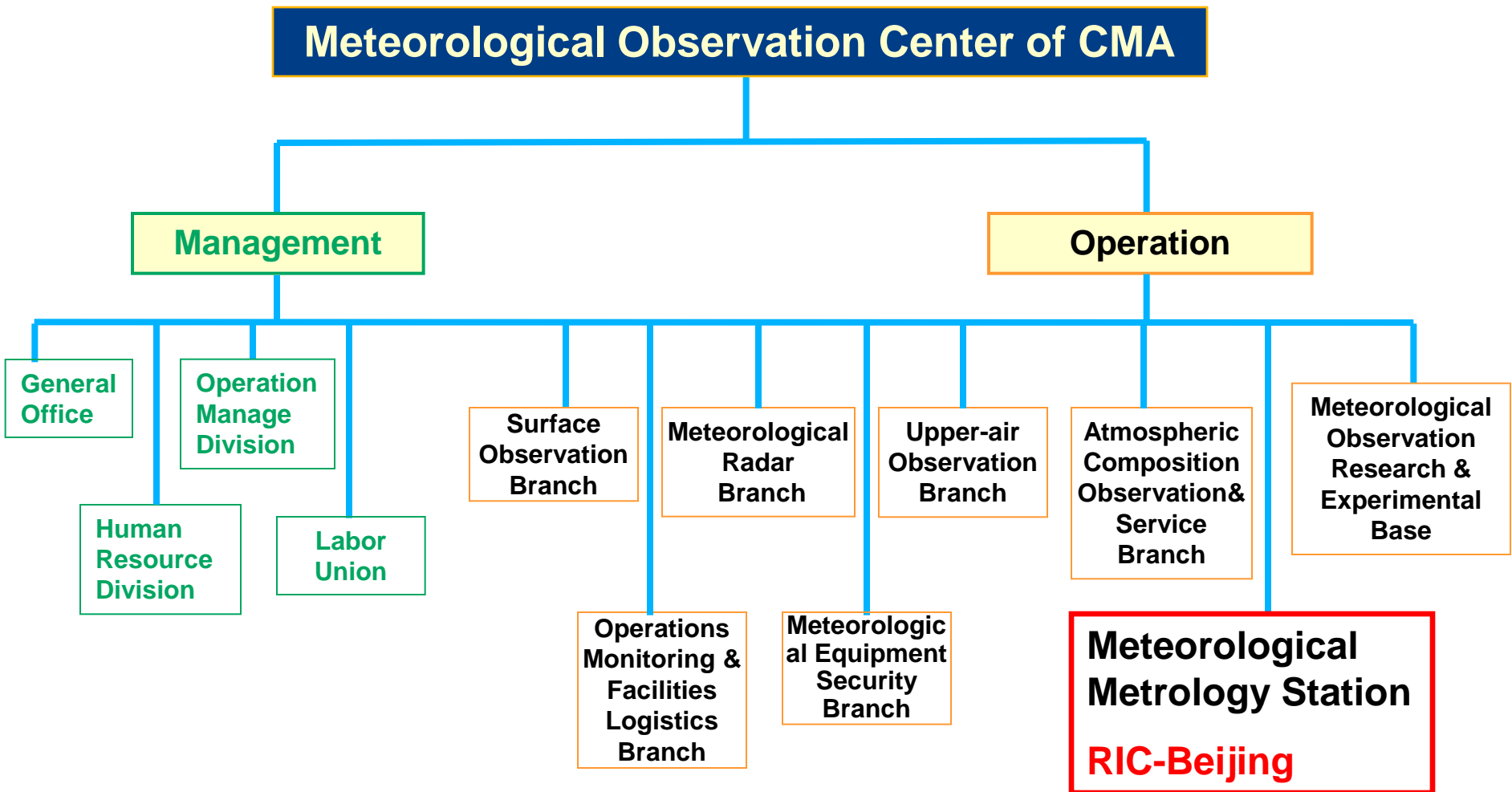


2. Meteorological Observation Center (MOC)



气象探测中心
Meteorological Observation Center

MOC Functional Structure



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Meteorological Observation Center

Responsibility

Surface Observation Branch

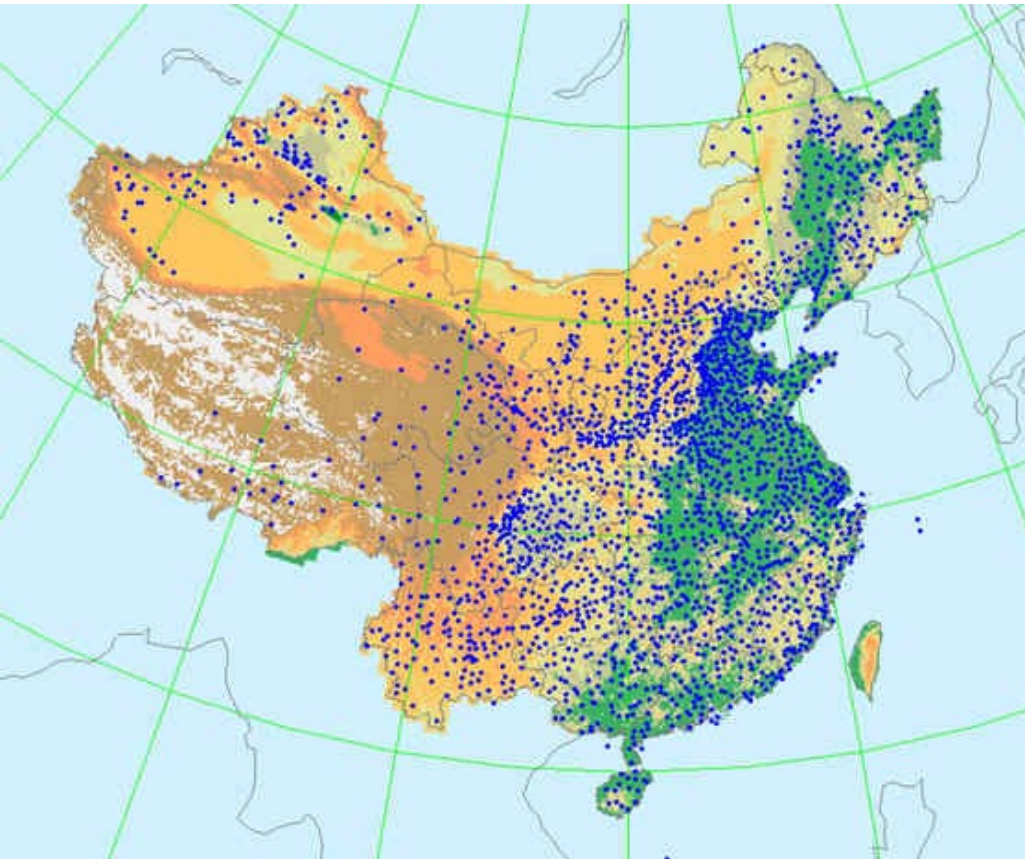
Responsible for Network design, Maintenance, Technology support & guide, Observation method and criterion, Operation evaluation.

- Automatic weather station (AWS)
- Thunder and lightning detection system
- Ecology and agriculture observation system,
- Marine meteorological observation system
- Renewable energy meteorological observation: Wind , solar
- Customized meteorological observation: Traffic ,electricity,airport,.....



Surface observation station

- Climate Reference station (143)
- Synoptic station (2313)
- Mesoscale AWS (>27000)



Instruments in operational use

- Temperature & Humidity, including surface and deep ground temperature

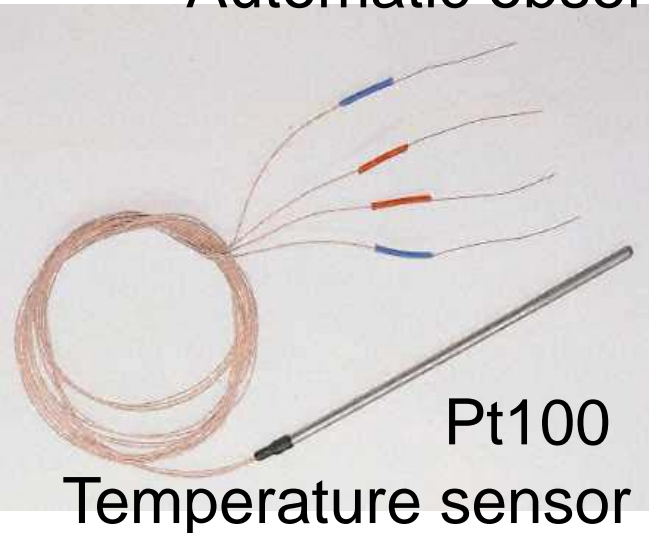
HMP45D, Vaisala



Automatic observation

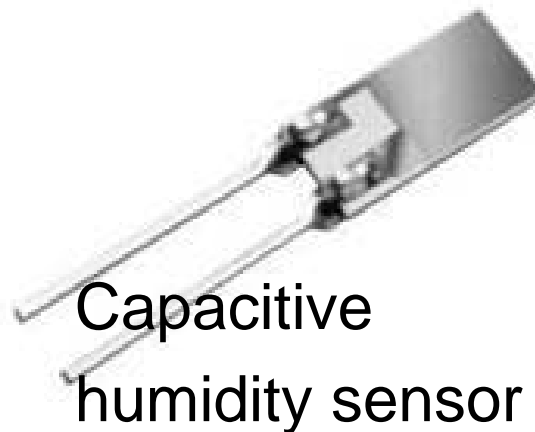


Manual observation



Pt100

Temperature sensor



Capacitive
humidity sensor



Mercury thermometer

Instruments in operational use

- Pressure

PTB220, Vaisala



compensated digital pressure sensor



www.centwin.com

北京中蓝天威科技有限公司



Mercury barometer

Meteorological Observation Center

Instruments in operational use

- Wind direction and speed sensor

EC9-1, Changchun

Meteorological instruments Co.



Three cups wind sensor

WAA151, WAV151, Vaisala

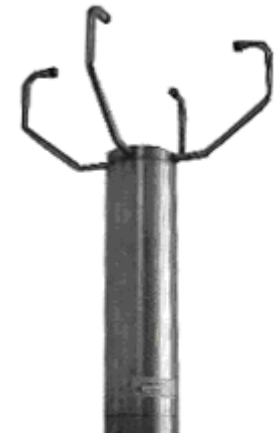


EL15, Tianjin

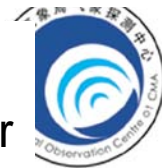
meteorological instruments Co.



Propeller
wind sensor



Ultrasonic
wind sensor



Meteo

on Center

Instruments in operational use

- precipitation

SL3- 1, Shanghai

Meteorological instruments Co.



Double tipping bucket
Pluviometer

RG13H, Vaisala



tipping bucket
Pluviometer
with a heating

DSC1, Wuxi

Meteorological instruments Co.



Suitable for solid, liquid and
mixed state of total
precipitation and precipitation
intensity measurement



Instruments in operational use

- Radiation- Global, diffuse, reflected radiation pyranometer

TBQ-2B, Huayun

Meteorological instruments Co.



thermopile

FS-S6, Wuxi

Meteorological instruments Co.



thermopile

CMP11, CMP21,

kipp&Zonen



thermopile

FS-PE



photoelectric

SR11, Hukseflux



thermopile



Instruments in operational use

- Radiation- direct radiation pyrhelimeter

TBS-2-B, Huayun

Meteorological instruments Co.



FS-S6, Wuxi

Meteorological instruments Co.



CHP1,

kipp&Zonen



FS-ST
solar tracker



2AP



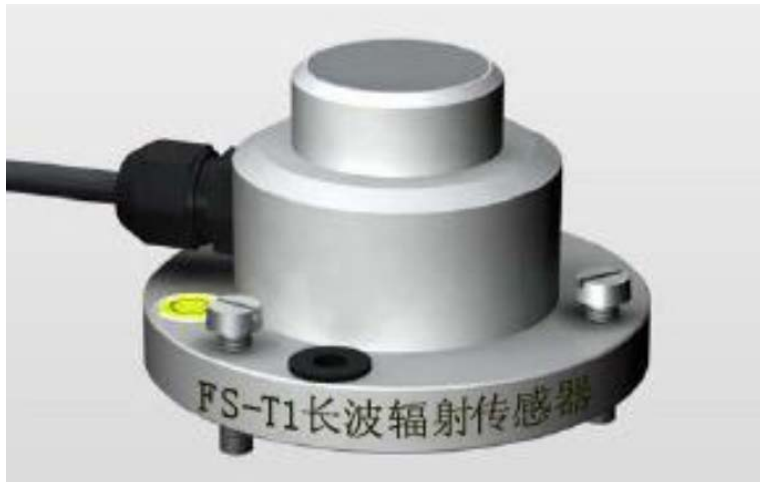
Mei

Instruments in operational use

- Radiation- long-wave radiation

FS-T1, Wuxi

Meteorological instruments Co.



pyrgeometer

CGR3, CGR4,

kipp&Zonen



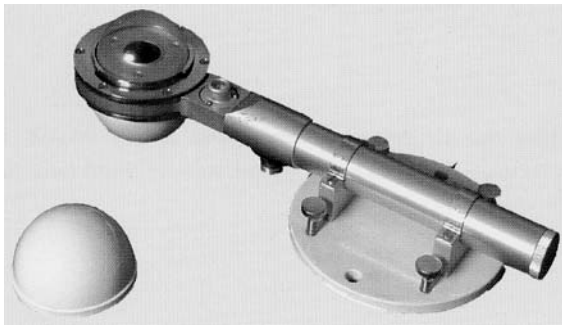
upward & downward long-wave

Instruments in operational use

- Radiation- net total radiation net radiometer

FNP-2, Huayun

Meteorological instruments Co.



CNR4,

kipp&Zonen



replace Four component: 2 pyranometer, 2 pyrgeometer



kipp&Zonen



◀ Hukseflux



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Instruments in operational use

- Radiation-UV, photosynthetically active radiation

UVS-E,
kipp&Zonen



UVA&UVB,

FS-PR, Wuxi

Meteorological instruments Co.



photosynthetically active
radiation

Instruments in operational use

- Rotary roller radiometer

FS-R3, Wuxi

Meteorological instruments Co.



RSR2, Tianjin

meteorological instruments Co.

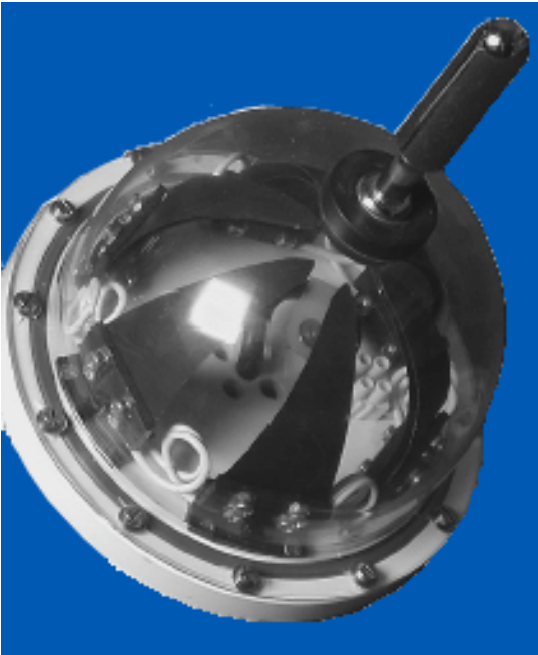


Through the rotation of the rotating arm, it can measure global, direct and diffuse radiation all at once.

Instruments in operational use

- Sunshine duration

DSU12, Vaisala



CSD3, kipp&Zonen



WMO defines direct solar radiation $S \geq 120 \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$ as the sunshine threshold,
so pyrheliometer could measure sunshine duration

Instruments in operational use

- Evaporation

AG, THIES



Ultrasonic evaporation measurement



Evaporation pool,
manual observation

Instruments in operational use

- Clouds, visibility, weather phenomena



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Surface Observation Environment Protection



*“Surface Observation environment **protection regulations**”*



Responsibility

Upper Air Observation Branch

Responsible for Network design, Maintenance, Technology support & guide, Operation evaluation.

- Upper-air sounding system
- GPS/MET vapor sensing system
- Aeroplane AMDAR
- Lidar
- Microwave radiometer

Technology standard, Observation method and criterion.



Upper Air Observation

- **120** upper-air sounding stations, including 87 global data exchange stations and **7** GCOS GUAN stations
- Regular observation time of 00 and 12 (UTC) for temperature, humidity, pressure, wind speed and wind direction



Responsibility

Meteorological Radar Branch

Responsible for Network design, Maintenance, Technology support & guide, Software, Data quality control and assessment.

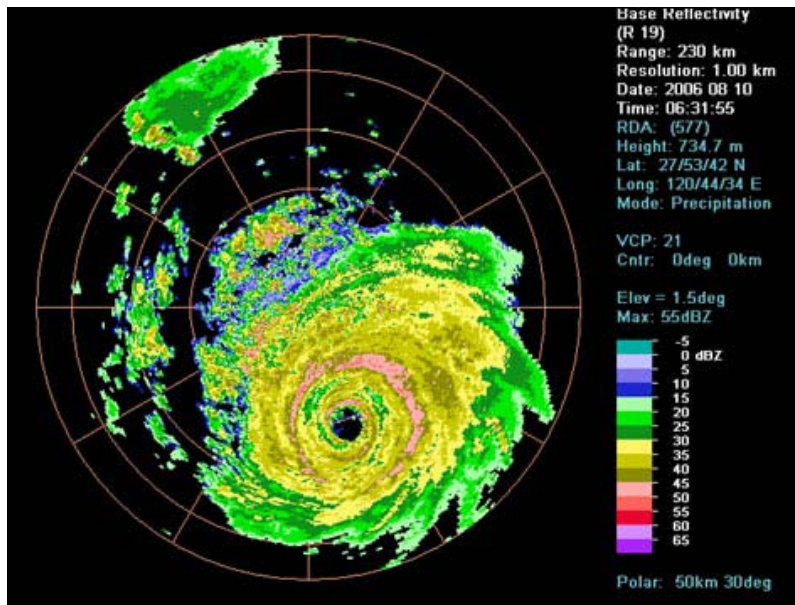
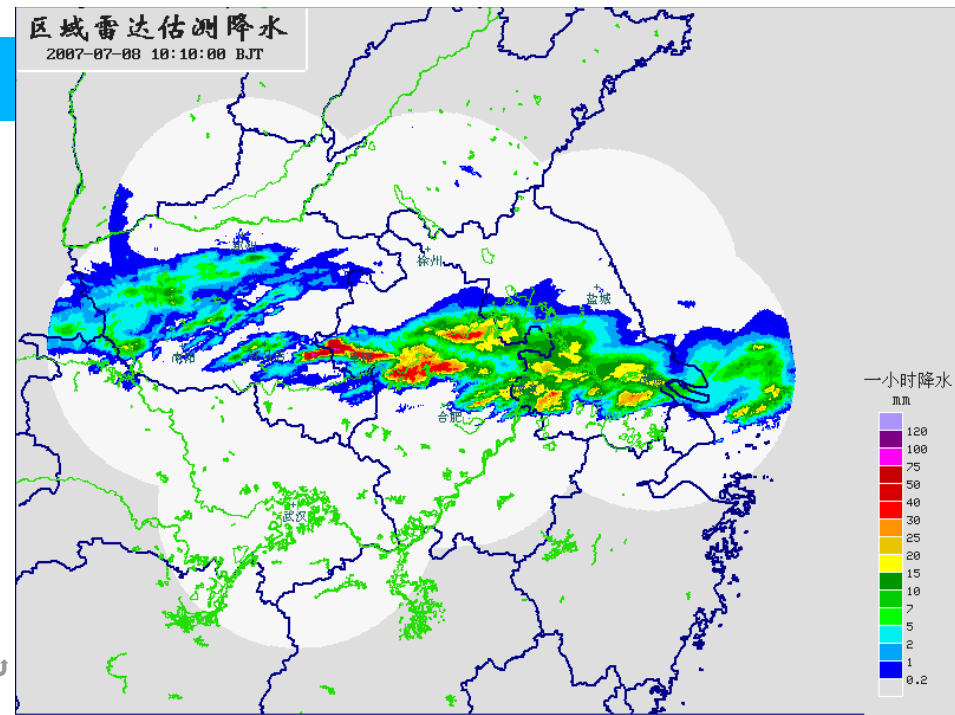
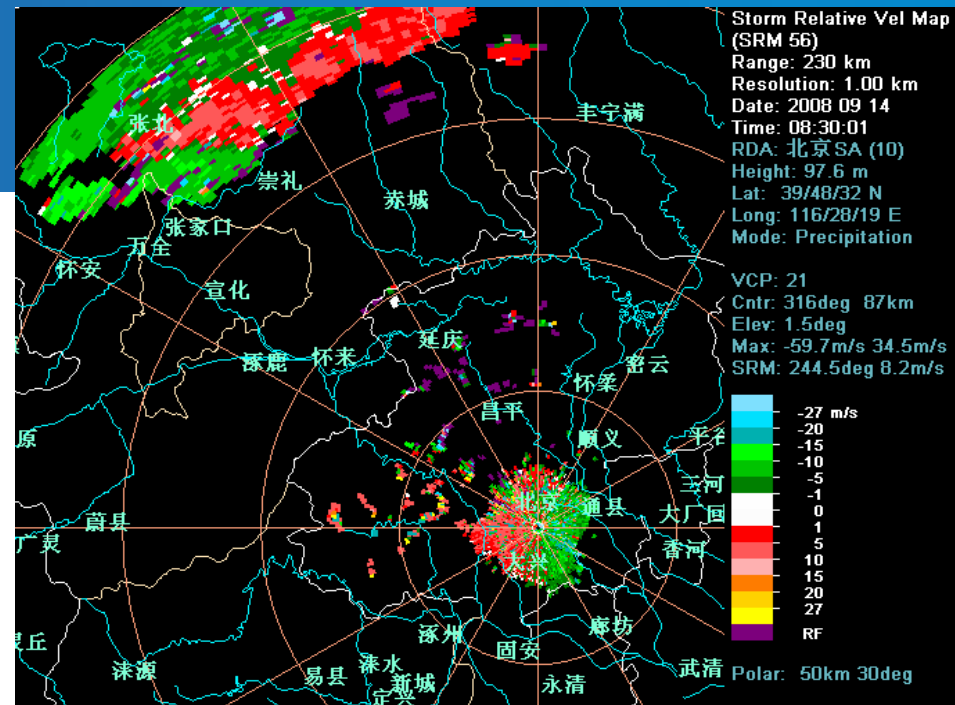
- new generation Doppler radar
- Windprofiler



Radar Mosaic Observation



Saoma typhoon



Responsibility

Atmospheric Composition Observation & Service Branch

Responsible for Network design, Maintenance, Technology support & guide.

- Greenhouse gases
- Atmospheric aerosol
- Reactant gases
- ozone column and contour line
- sand and dust storm
- acid rain

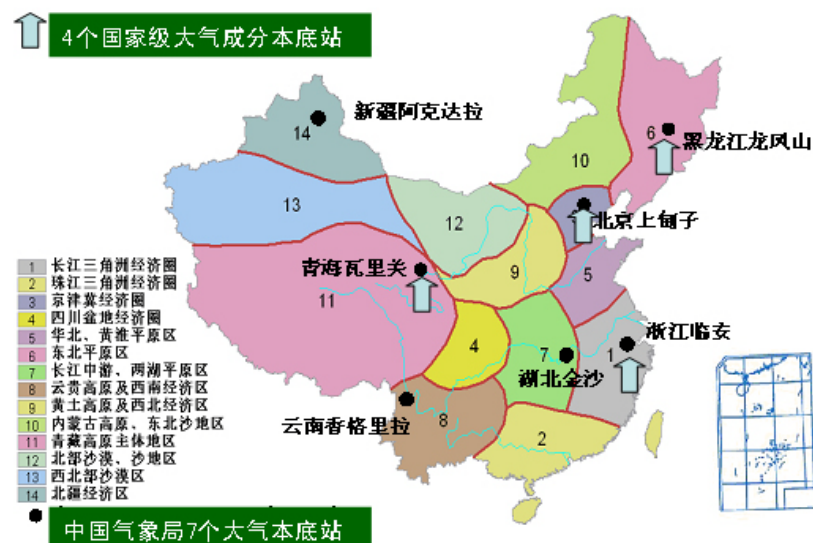


图 3. 国家大气成分本底观测研究台站网络布局分区图



气海观测仪器采样头



Me

Responsibility

Meteorological Equipment Security Branch

Responsible for
meteorological equipment

- inspection
- repair
- overhaul
- technical guidance
- reserve supply
- emergency dispatch



Responsibility

Meteorological Observation Research & Experimental Base

- R&D for new observation technology, method and instrument & equipment and new information collected
- Experiment and comparison of new instrument



Responsibility

Operation Monitoring and Facilities Logistics Branch

- Monitoring and evaluating the running status of meteorological observation network
- Observation real-time data quality control
- Meteorological facilities logistics



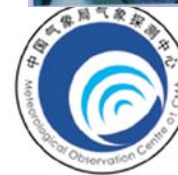
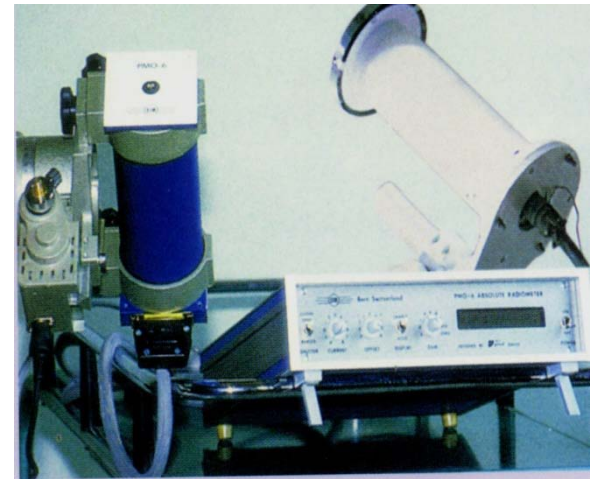
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Meteorological Observation Center

Responsibility

Meteorological Metrology Station

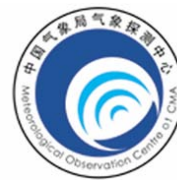
- CMA Meteorological standard tracing to the source, keeping CMA meteorological standard, and transferring meteorological standard
- Meteorological instrument calibration and check
- Meteorological calibration criterion and method
- RIC-Beijing jobs for WMO regional association II



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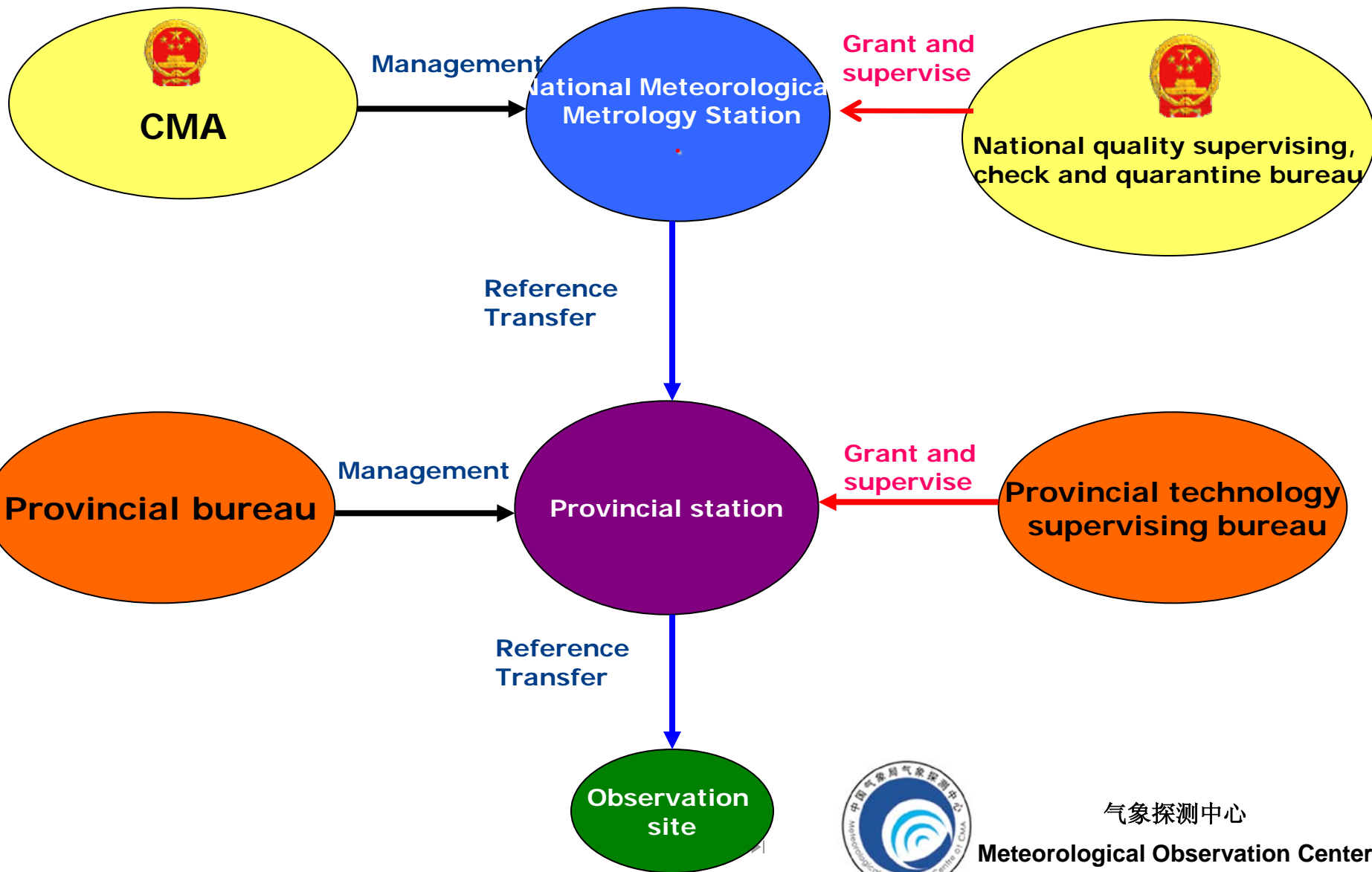
Meteorological Observation Center

3. Meteorological Metrology Station (RIC-Beijing)



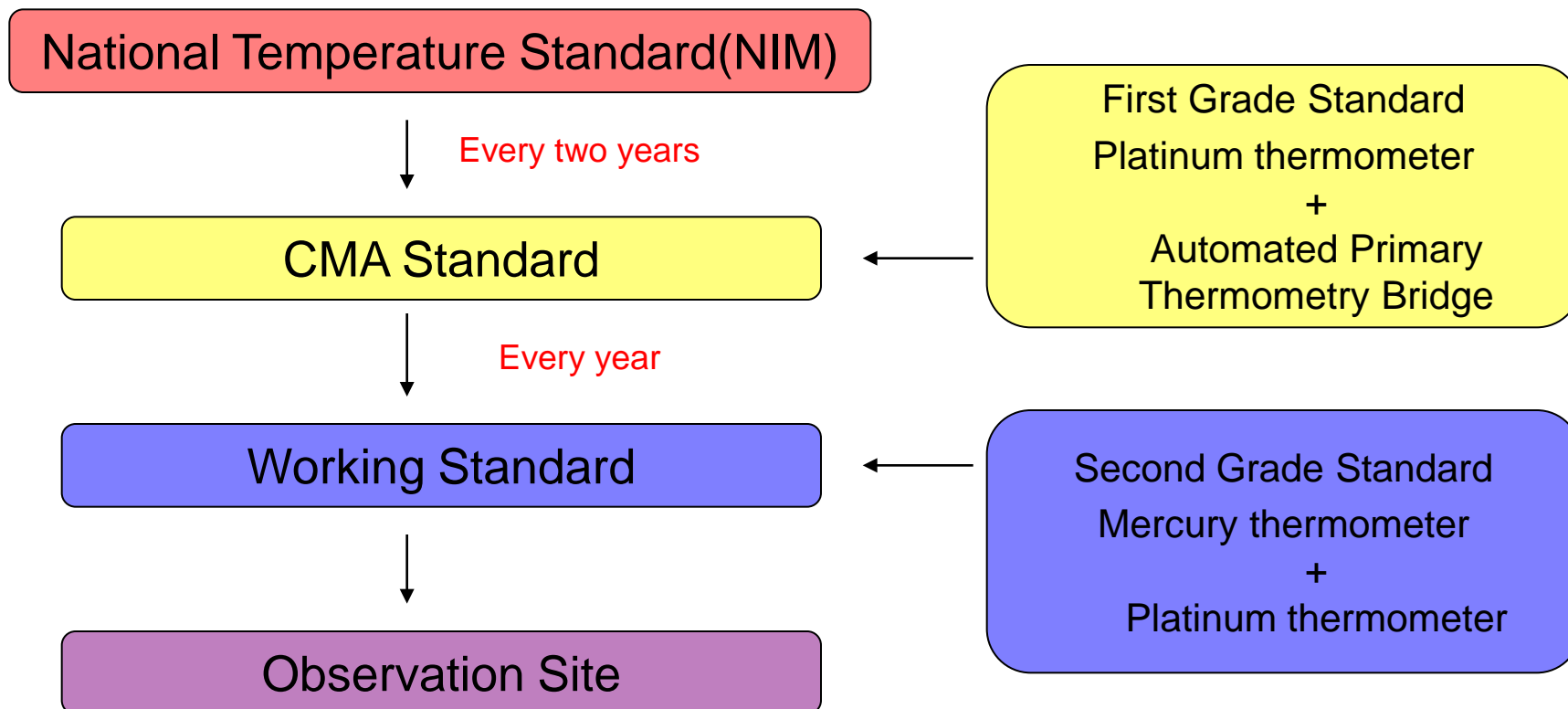
气象探测中心
Meteorological Observation Center

Meteorological Metrology

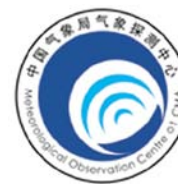


Instrument and Traceability

Temperature



NIM:National Institute of Meteorology



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Instrument and Traceability

Temperature

6015T Automated Primary Thermometry Bridge



Range: ≤ 1.5 (Ratio)
Accuracy: ≤ 0.02 ppm

917/L Low temperature Deep Immersion Liquid Bath



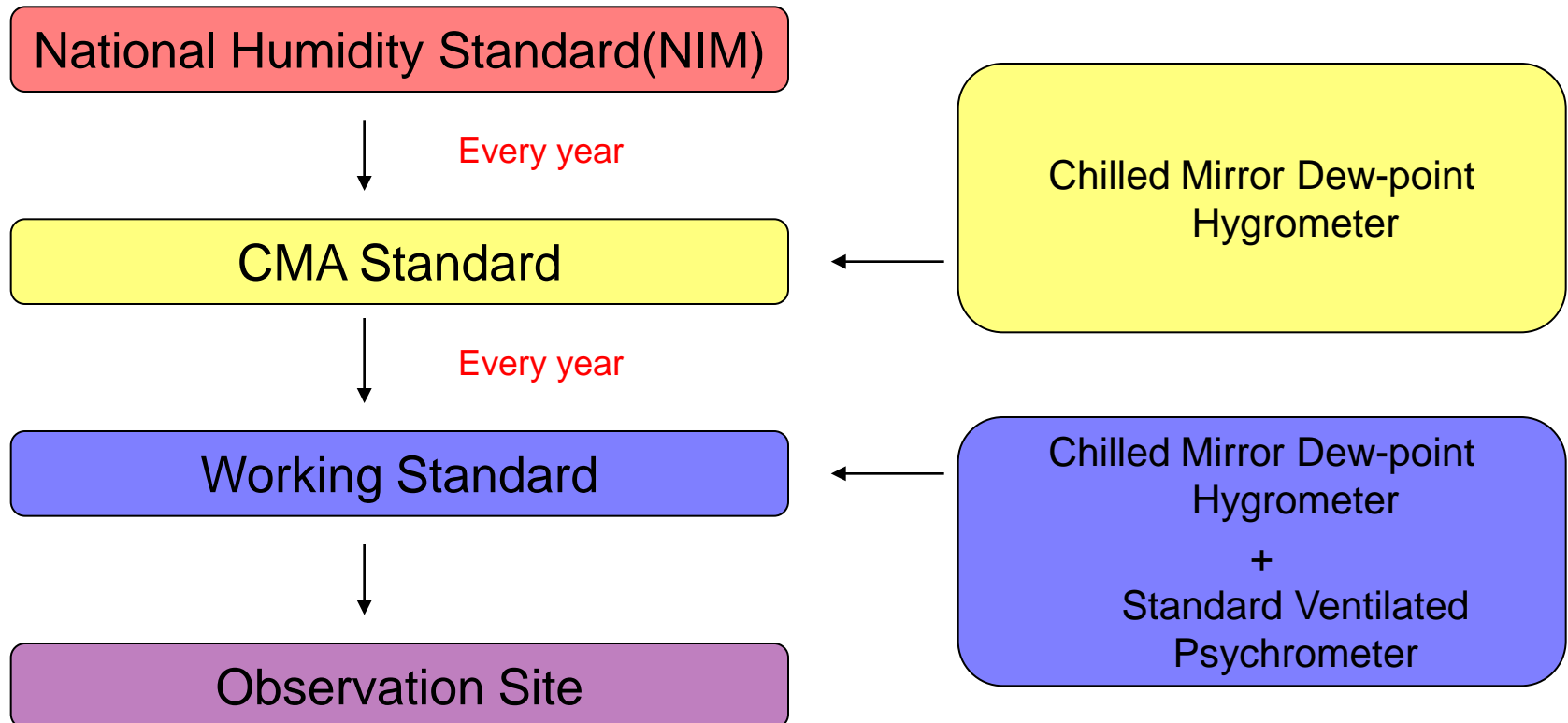
Range: $-80 \sim +80^{\circ}\text{C}$
Accuracy: $\pm 0.005^{\circ}\text{C}$

6015T Automated Primary Thermometry Bridge (Canada, M.I.)

917/L Low temperature Deep Immersion Liquid Bath (U.K. , ISOTECH)

Instrument and Traceability

Humidity



Instrument and Trace

Humidity

DewStar-S-1M Dew point Hygrometer

Range: -40 ~ +50°C (Dew Point)
Accuracy: 0.15°C (Dew Point)



DewStar-S-1M Dew point Hygrometer (Japan, Shinyei)

VC3 7060 Climate Chamber

Range: -70 ~ +180°C; 10 ~ 98%RH

Accuracy: 0.3°C; 1.5%RH



VC3 7060 Climate Chamber (German, Weiss-Votsch)

Instrument and Traceability

Humidity

SRH-3MC135ADR Accurate humidity Generator

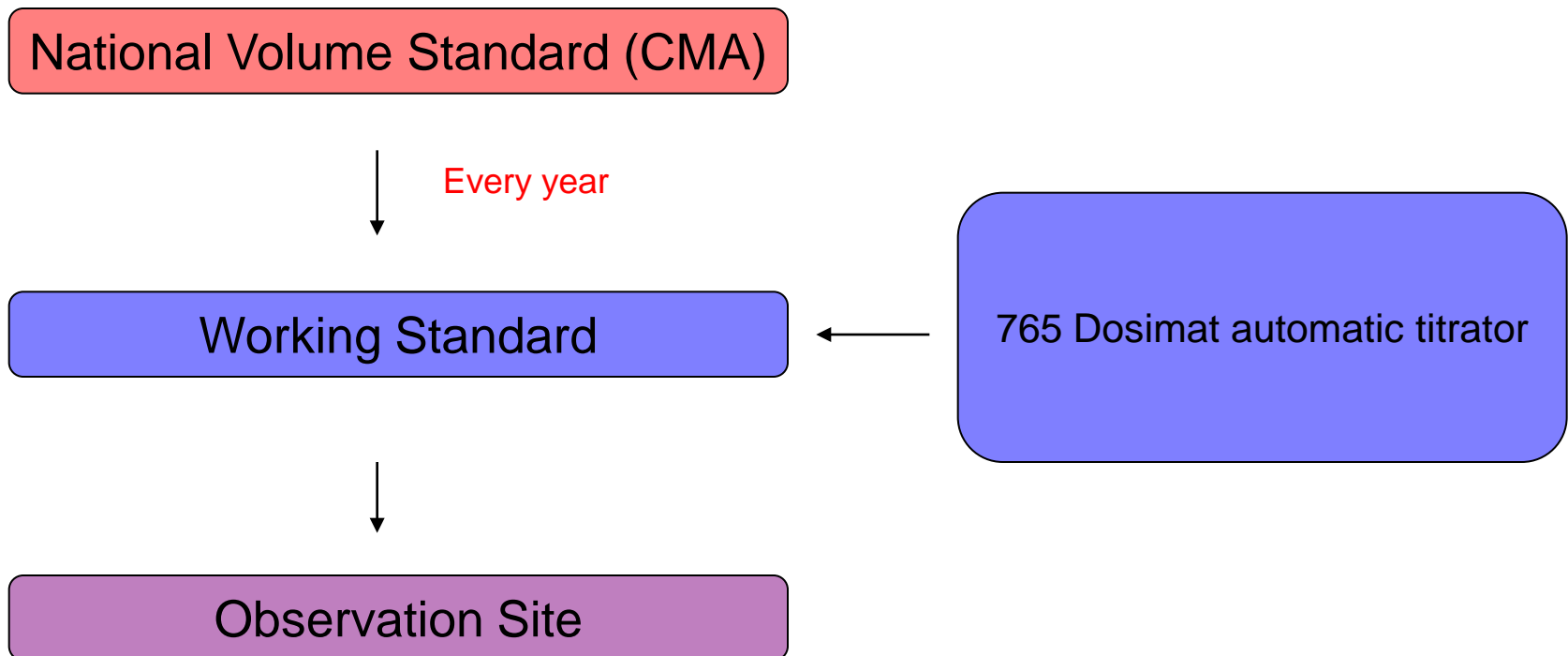
Range: 0 ~ 100%RH (-10 ~ +50°C)
Accuracy: 1%RH



SRH-3MC135ADR
Accurate humidity
Generator (Japan,
Shinyei)

Instrument and Traceability

Precipitation



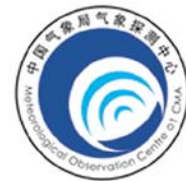
Instrument and Traceability

Precipitation

765 Dosimat
automatic titrator



JJS3 Precipitation
Calibration System



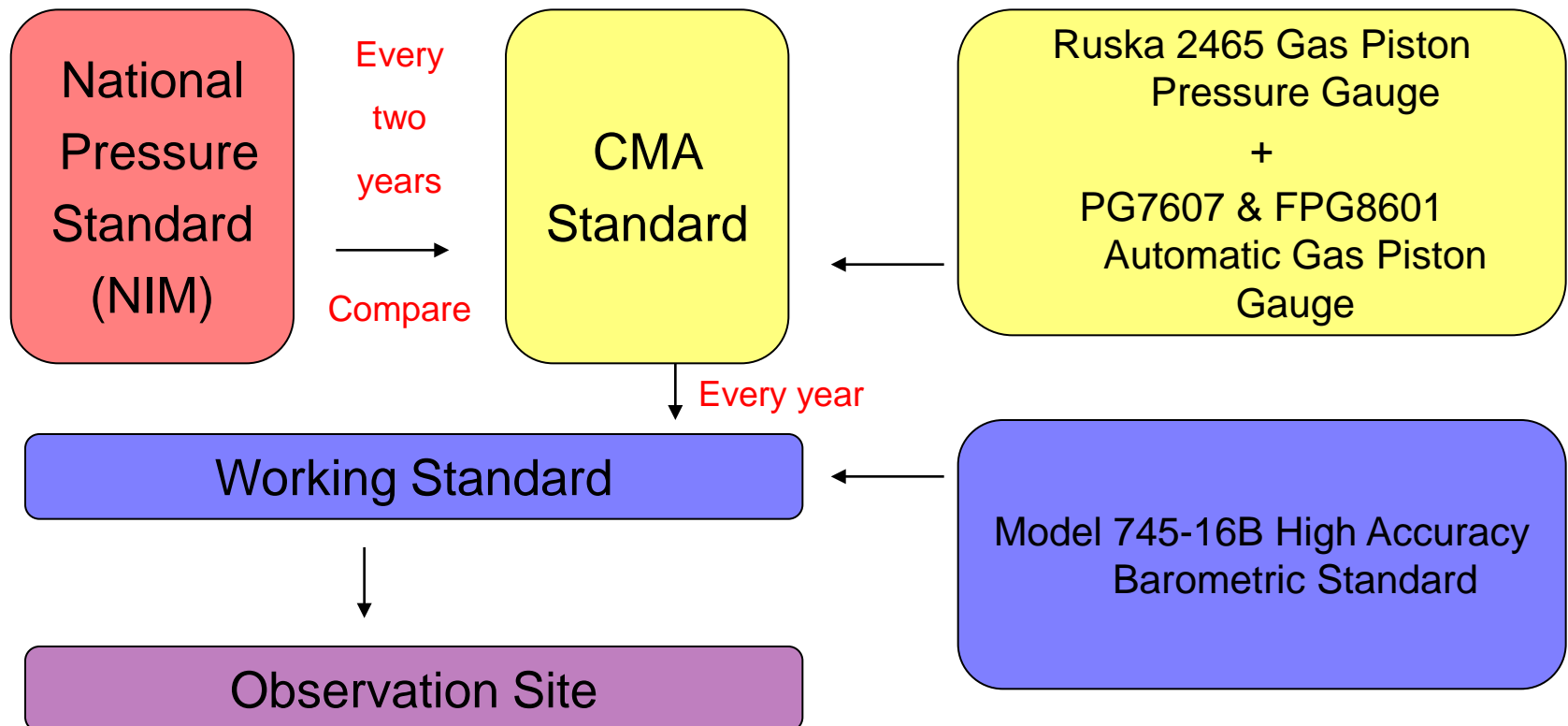
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Instrument and Traceability

Atmospheric Pressure



Instrument and Traceability

Atmospheric Pressure PG7607 & FPG8601 Automatic Gas Piston Gauge (U.S. DHI)



Primary Standard for Atmospheric Pressure :
PG7607 Automatic Piston Gauge (U.S. DHI)

Primary Standard for Atmospheric Pressure :
FPG8601 Automatic Piston Gauge (U.S. DHI)

Uncertainty:

- 8ppm+10mPa (Gauge mode)
- 8ppm+20mPa (Absolute mode)

Range:

60hPa~1750hPa

Uncertainty:

- 25mPa+0.003%×RDG (Gauge mode)
- 20mPa+0.003%×RDG (Absolute mode)

Range:

1Pa~150hPa



PG7000-AMH™



Instrument and Traceability

Atmospheric Pressure



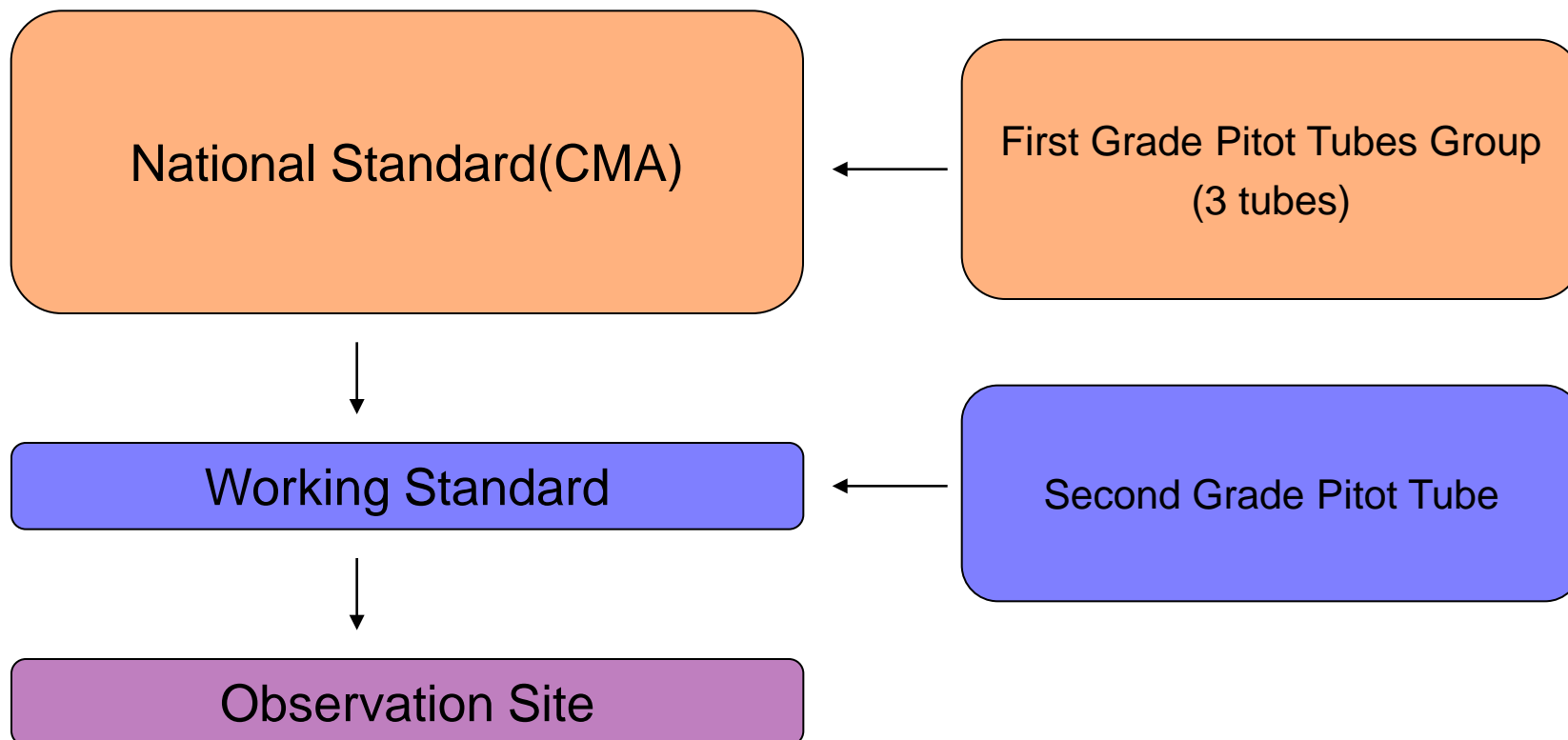
Ruska 2465 Gas Piston
Pressure Gauge
(U.S. GE)



Model 745-16B High Accuracy
Barometric Standard
(U.S. Paroscientific)

Instrument and Traceability

Air Velocity



Instrument and Traceability

0.8-meter Wind Tunnel

Range: 0.4m/s ~ 70m/s

0.8-meter wind tunnel with two test sections & its control system,



風速校定装置（大風洞）
The calibrating device for wind speed instruments (wind tunnel)



Instrument and Traceability

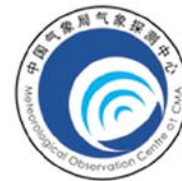
Air Velocity

HDF-500 Wind Tunnel

Range:0.4m/s~30m/s



Very Low Speed Wind Tunnel

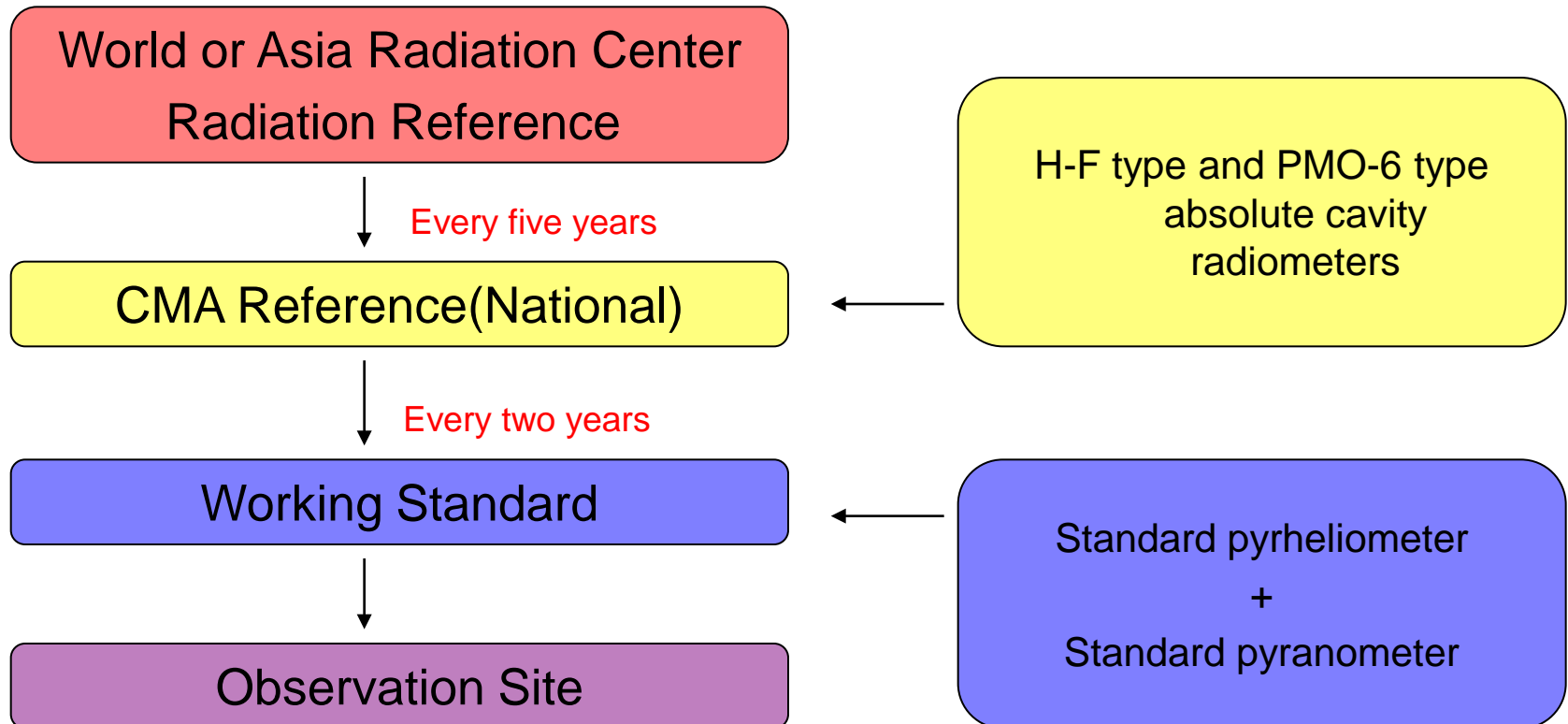


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Instrument and Traceability

Radiation



Instrument and Traceability

Radiation



AHF Absolute Cavity
Radiometer

China solar radiation standard group



PMO-6 Pyrheliometer



H-F Cavity
pyrheliometer



Instrument and Traceability

Radiation



← CMP22
Pyranometer



CG4
pyrgeometer →



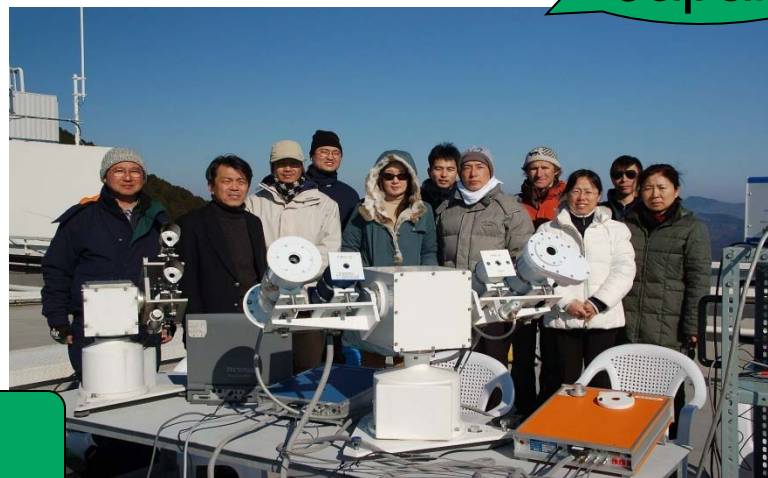
← Ultraviolet
radiometer

comparison

switzerland



Japan



Yunnan



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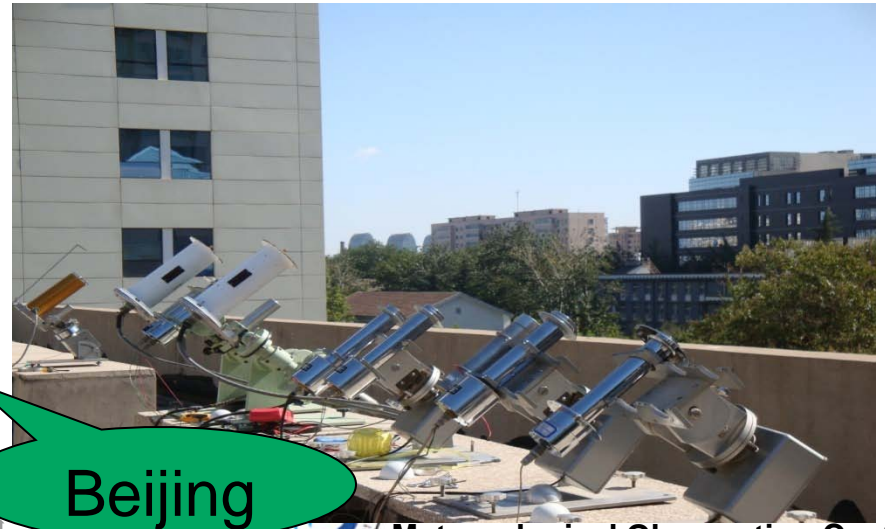
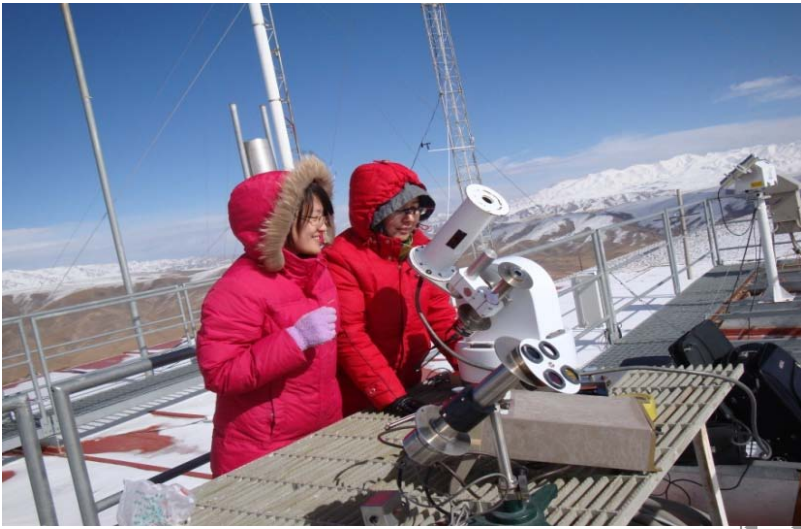
Meteorological Observation Center

Calibration

Shangdianzi

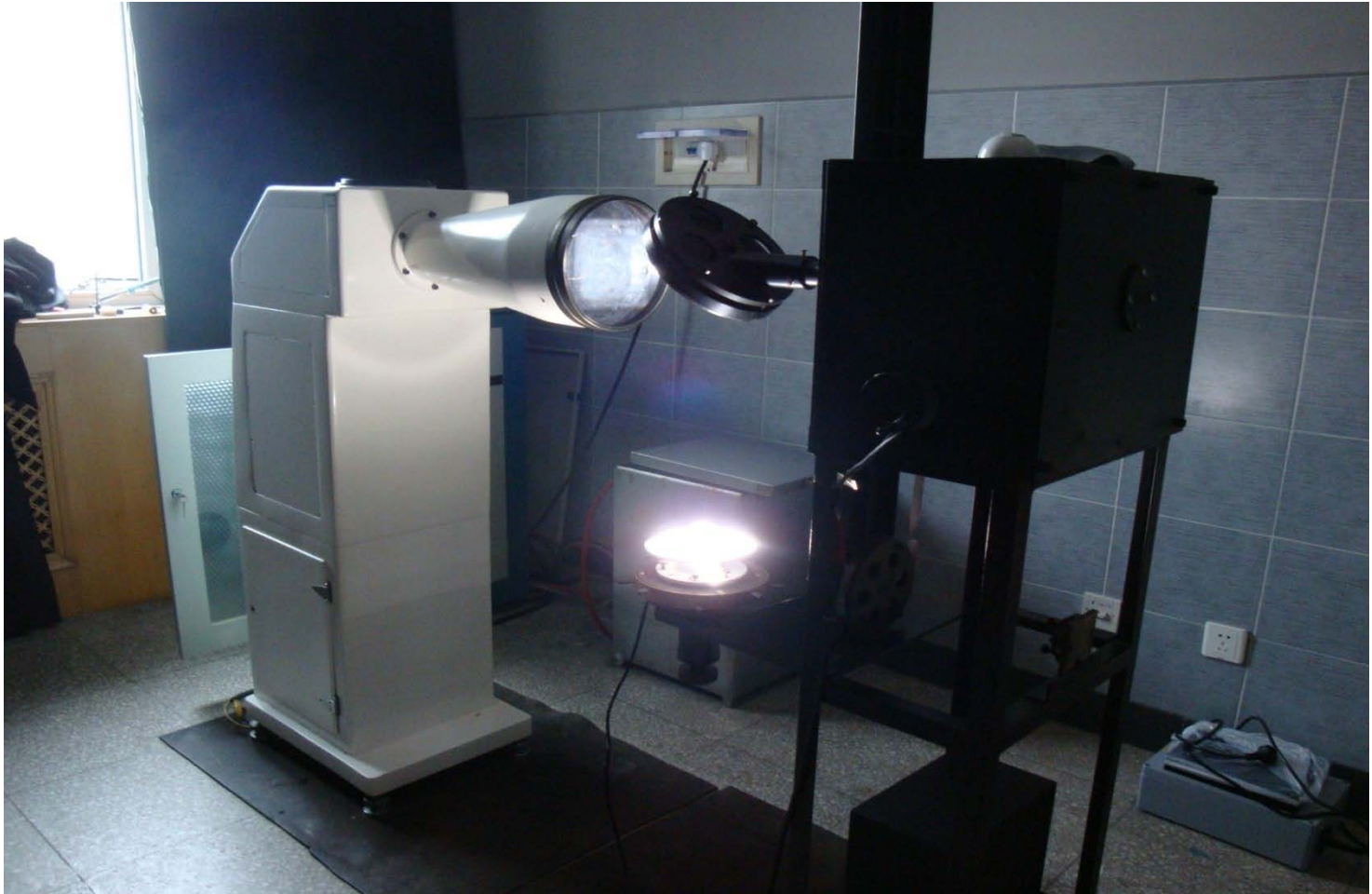


Gucheng

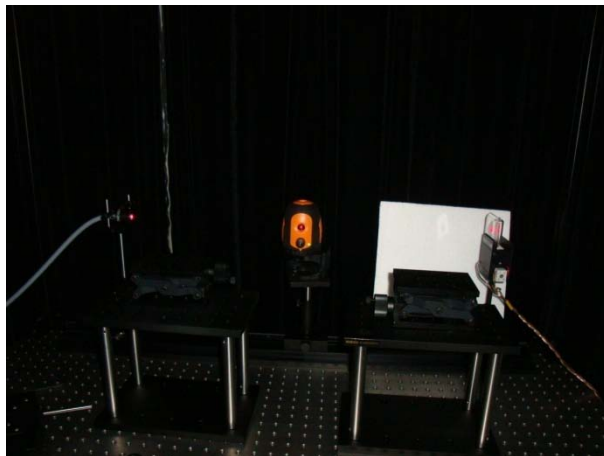
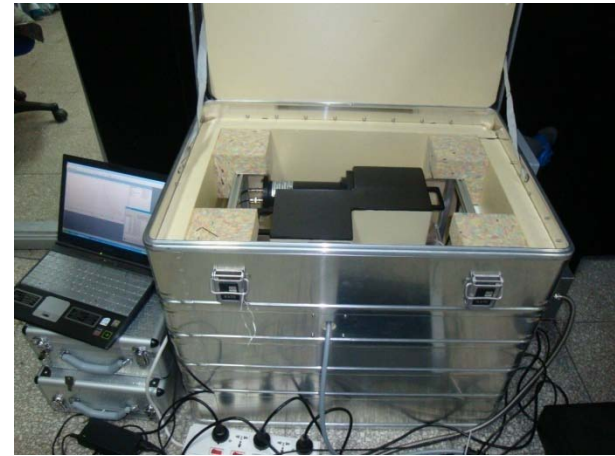


Beijing

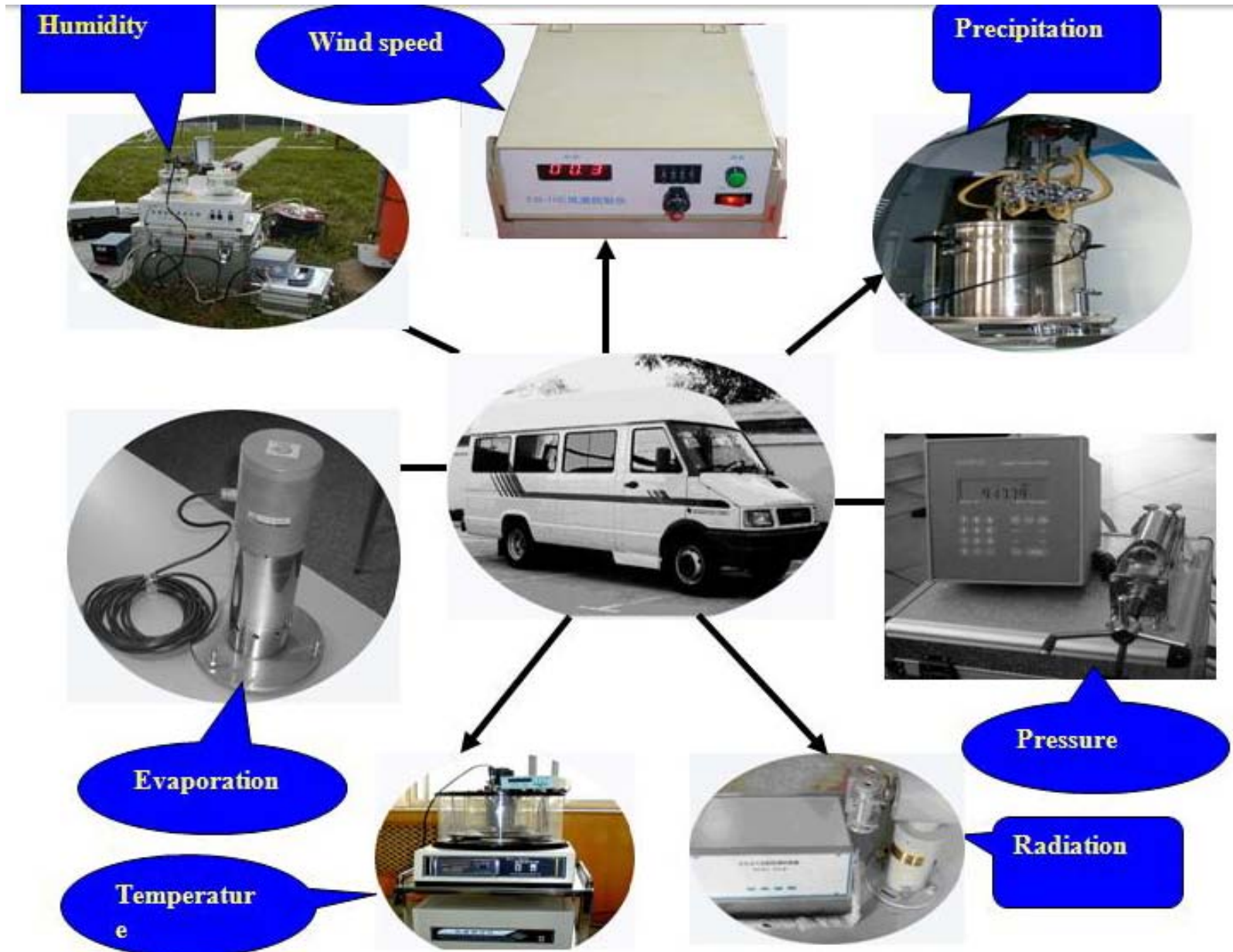
New type of sun simulation



UV and PAR Calibration

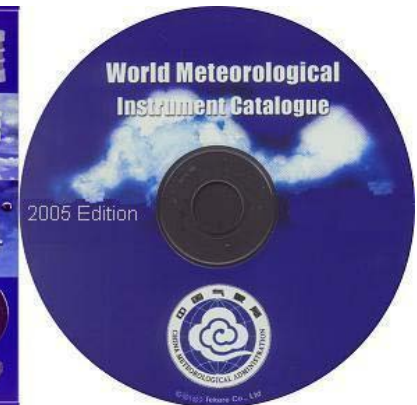
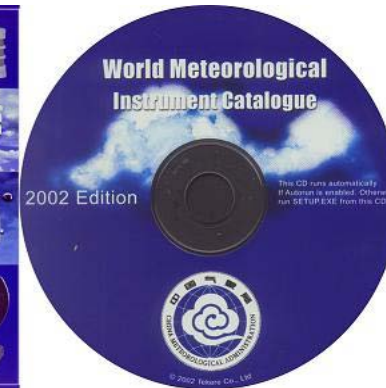


AWS In-situ Calibration System



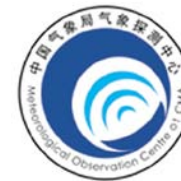
WMO Regional instrument center (RIC-Beijing)

WMO RIC-Beijing edited and published two **World Meteorological Instrument Catalogues** (2000 & 2002 editions). These catalogues were delivered to the Meteorological Services of more than **180** WMO Members for reference.



World meteorological instrument catalogue

RIC-Beijing Website



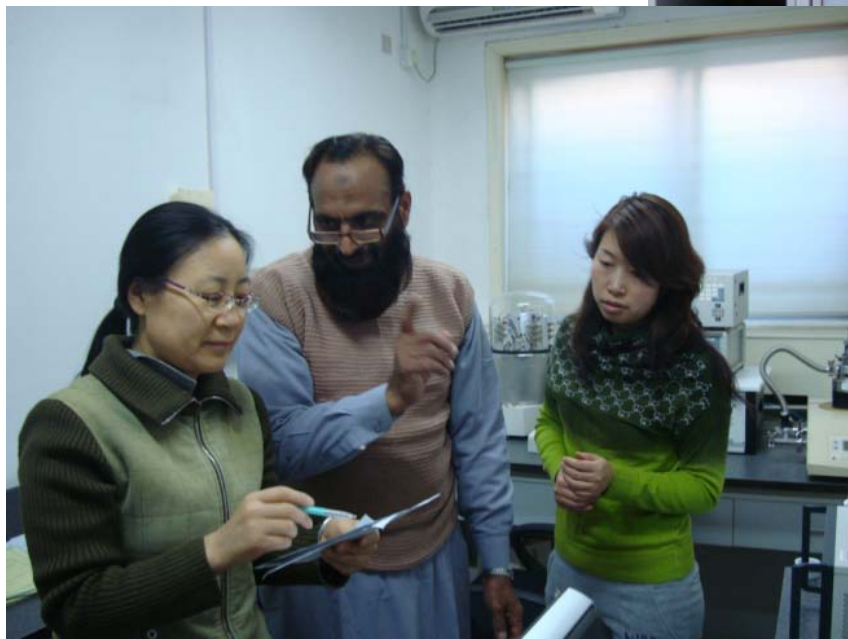
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Instruments International comparison

International comparison

- **Indonesia**
- **Malaysia**
- **Pakistan**
- **Vietnam**
-



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Future plan

- 1. Attend the activities of CIMO, WMO;**
- 2. Further cooperation with RIC-Tsukuba;**
- 3. As WMO RIC, intercompare with the members of RA II**



中国气象局气象探测中心

THANK YOU!

